

M/S.SONALAC PAINTS AND COATINGS LTD.
Appellant(s)

Ap

VERSUS

COMMNR.OF CENTRAL EXCISE, CHANDIGARH
Respondent(s)

Re

O R D E R

This appeal is preferred by the appellant against order dated 10.08.2004 passed by the Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT).
impugned By the order, the appeal of the appellant has been dismissed.

The facts leading to the present appeal, questioning the validity of the aforesaid order, read as under:

The appellant herein is holding Central Excise Registration and is engaged in the manufacture of paints, varnish, primer, enamels and distempers falling under Chapter 32 and bituminous mixtures falling under Chapter 27 of the First Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985. As per the appellant, it was availing MODVAT credit on all the movable inputs during the financial year 1999-2000. As on 31.03.2000, it had a closing stock of inputs and finished goods involving MODVAT credit of Rs.86,222/- whereas the closing balance in RG-23A Part II was nil. With effect from 01.04.2000, it had started

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Meenakshi Kohli
Date: 2015.04.18

uty under
07:33:25 IST
Reason:

availing total exemption from payment of duty under Notification 8/2000 dated 01.03.2000. The amount of

Rs.86,222/- related to the credit of inputs was debited by the appellant in the Profit and Loss Account on 03.10.2000 i.e. on a later date. Interest thereupon was also deposited in TR-6 challan dated 22.12.2000.

A show-cause notice was issued to the appellant on 27.03.2001 calling upon them to show cause as to why central excise duty of Rs.14,28,370 be not recovered from the appellant under Section 11A of the Central Excise Act as duty payable on the finished goods manufactured and cleared by the appellant during the period 01.04.2000 to 16.09.2000. The main reason for issuance of show cause notice was that the appellant had not debited the balance of Rs.86,222/- on 01.03.2000, when it had started availing the exemption from payment of duty under Notification 8/2000 but had done subsequently i.e. 03.10.2000. The appellant submitted reply to the show cause notice in which it was pleaded that all the conditions contained in Notification 8/2000 had been fulfilled by the appellant for exercising the option to avail the exemption under the said Notification and merely because the MODVAT credit in the sum of Rs.86,222/- which was there with the appellant as on 31.03.2000 was debited later on i.e. 3.10.2000, would not be of any relevance.

The Commissioner after hearing the appellant accepted the aforesaid contentions and dropped the proceedings.

A perusal of the order of the Commissioner would show that he took into consideration para 2 of Notification 8/2000 which lays down the conditions subject to which exemptions contained in the Notification were to be granted.

It was found that all the conditions mentioned in para 2 were fulfilled by the appellant herein which is clear from the following discussion contained in the order

dated 08.04.2002 passed by the Additional Commissioner

(Audit), Chandigarh :-

"There is no condition precedent that exemption under Notificaton No.8/2000 shall be available only if the credit of duty attributable to inputs in stock or inputs contained in the finished products in stock on day immediately preceding to the financial year shall have to be debited or reversed. It is no where laid down in notification No.8/2000, by express words or by implication that failure to debit or reversal of the aforesaid credit shall amount to treating the inputs in stock as modvatable inputs and goods manufactured in the financial year shall have to pay full rate of duty. The only two conditions relating to modvat / cenvat credit are contained in sub-paras 2 (iii) and (iv). Accordingly to those paras no credit of duty paid on inputs used in the manufacture of the specified goods cleared for home consumption shall be availed and no credit of duty under rule 57Q with respect of capital goods shall be utilized with respect to the aggregate value of first clearances not exceeding Rs.One hundred lakhs."

The Commissioner thus took the view that merely because the earlier credit of Rs.86,222/- was debited on 03.10.2000 would not deny the benefit of the exemption Notification to the appellant which was otherwise available. We may record at this stage that the Commissioner was conscious of the provisions of Rule 57 AG (2) of the Central Excise Rules, 1944.

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After discussing this Rule and interpreting the same, the Commissioner took the view that the said Rule would not come as a handicap in the way of the appellant in claiming the benefit of the said Notification inasmuch as it nowhere provides that the MODVAT credit balance which was there with the appellant had to be debited before exercising the option to avail the exemption under the aforesaid Notification. After reproducing the Rule, the same is interpreted by the Commissioner in the following manner:-

"4.6

Sub Rule (2) of Rule 57 AG of the Rules inter alia further provide that a manufacture who opts for exemption from the whole of the duty of excise leviable on the goods manufactured by him under a notification bases on the value or quantity of

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Civil Appeal No(s). 6342/2004

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Appellant(s)

VERSUS

COMMNR.OF CENTRAL EXCISE, CHANDIGARH
(With appln. (s) for stay and office report)

Respondent(s)

Date : 15/04/2015 This appeal was called on for hearing today.

CORAM : HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE A.K. SIKRI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ROHINTON FALI NARIMAN

For Appellant(s) Mrs. Amita Gupta, Adv.
Mr. Joy Kumar, Adv.

For Respondent(s) Mr. K. Radhakrishnan, Sr. Adv.
Mr. Arijit Prasad, Adv.
Ms. Aruna Gupta, Adv.
Mr. B. Krishna Prasad, Adv.

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following

O R D E R

The civil appeal is allowed in terms of the signed order.

(MEENAKSHI KOHLI)
COURT MASTER

(SUMAN JAIN)
COURT MASTER

[Signed Order is placed on the file]