

**HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE FOR RAJASTHAN AT
JODHPUR**

S.B. Civil Writ Petition No. 3073/2026

1. Bhanwar Lal Jat S/o Laxmi Narayan Jat, Aged About 57 Years, Resident Of Plot No. 6, Ward No. 4, Behind Ambedkar Hostel, Jail Road, Shivaji Nagar, Kampu, District Tonk (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 3Rd At Government Senior Secondary School Lamba, District Tonk (Rajasthan).
2. Mohan Lal Bairwa S/o Panchu Lal Bairwa, Aged About 52 Years, Resident Of Bairwo Ka Mohalla, Goharpura, Post Office Sonwa, District Tonk (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 3Rd At Government Upper Primary School, Chapariya, Lamba, District Tonk (Rajasthan).
3. Nand Kishore Soni S/o Shri Mool Chand Soni, Aged About 52 Years, Resident Of Near Vivek School, Near Bus Depot Tonk. District Tonk (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 3Rd At Government Senior Secondary School Nimola, District Tonk (Rajasthan).
4. Tahir Ali S/o Mohammad Khalil, Aged About 59 Years, Resident Of Azad Nagar, Behind Zakhira, Tonk (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 2Nd At Government Senior Secondary School Lamba, District Tonk (Rajasthan).
5. Mahboob Khan S/o Harun Rashid, Aged About 55 Years, Resident Of Ward No. 16, Bokadan, Mohalla, Sarwar District Ajmer (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 3Rd At Government Senior Secondary School Goyla, District Ajmer (Rajasthan).
6. Kamlesh Kumar Gurjar S/o Ramlal, Aged About 47 Years, Resident Of Village Post Sonwa, District Tonk (Rajasthan). Presently Posted As Teacher Grade 3Rd At Government Senior Secondary School Nimola, District Tonk (Rajasthan).
7. Ramavtar Purohit S/o Bheru Lal Purohit, Aged About 63 Years, Resident Of 50 Shivaji Nagar, Kampu, District Tonk (Rajasthan).

-----Petitioners

Versus

1. State Of Rajasthan, Through The Secretary, Department

Of Education, Government Of Rajasthan, Jaipur (Rajasthan).

2. The Director, Secondary Education, Bikaner (Rajasthan).
3. The Director, Elementary Education, Bikaner (Rajasthan).
4. The District Education Officer, Secondary Education, Tonk (Rajasthan).
5. The District Education Officer, Elementary Education, Tonk (Rajasthan).
6. The District Education Officer, Secondary Education, Ajmer (Rajasthan).
7. The District Education Officer, Elementary Education, Ajmer (Rajasthan).

-----Respondents

For Petitioner(s) : Mr. Deependra Singh Shekhawat

HON'BLE DR. JUSTICE NUPUR BHATI

Order

12/02/2026

1. Learned counsel for the petitioners, at the outset, submits that the controversy raised in the instant writ application, is no more res-integra in view of the adjudication by a Coordinate Bench of this Court in the case of Yogesh Kumar Pareek Vs. The State of Rajasthan:SBCWP No.3534/2009, decided on 20th January, 2014, observing thus:

“It is stated that petitioner was appointed on regular basis on the post of Teacher vide order dated 24.01.1992. After joining on 28.01.1992, petitioner was entitled for benefit of service and salary for summer vacation. Respondents denied aforesaid benefit and increment was shifted to the month of March despite of joining of petitioner in the month of January. Accordingly, the respondents be directed to pay salary of summer vacation and also the date of increment be made to January, 1993.

The officer-in-charge of the respondents could not justify the action of the respondents, inasmuch as Circular dated 28.07.2003 clarified that if employee has been appointed on regular basis on probation then he would be entitled for salary of summer vacation even if appointment is after 31st December.

No justification is given by the respondents for denial of benefit of increment from January other than erroneously correlating it with the benefit of selection scale and thereby, shifting it by 48 days.

I find the action of respondents is illegal, inasmuch as the petitioner is entitled for the benefit of salary of summer vacation as he is covered by the Circular. The petitioner should be given increment counting his service from the date of joining and not by shifting it to the month of March.

Accordingly, the writ petition is allowed and consequential benefit would be given to the petitioner as referred above. He would be entitled to other benefits based on appointment order dated 24.01.1992 and his joining on 28.01.1992, thus benefit of selection scale would also be determined.”

2. Learned counsel further submits that, for the present, the petitioners would be satisfied if the State-respondents to address his representation within a time frame in the backdrop of the order dated 20th January, 2014 in the case of Yogesh Kumar Pareek (supra), which they are ready and willing to address within two weeks hereinafter.

3. In view of the limited prayer addressed; the instant writ proceedings are closed with a direction to the petitioner to address a comprehensive representation to the respondents ventilating their grievances.

4. In case, a representation is so addressed within the aforesaid period, the State-respondents are directed to consider and decide the same by a reasoned and speaking order, in accordance with law, as expeditiously as possible; however, in no case later than

twelve weeks from the date of receipt of the representation along with a certified copy of this order.

5. With the observations and directions, as indicated above, the writ application stands disposed off.

6. The order has been passed based on the submissions made in the petition, the respondents would be free to examine the veracity of the submissions made in the petition and only in case, the averments made therein are found to be correct, the petitioners would be entitled to the relief.

(DR.NUPUR BHATI),J

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