



2026:PHHC:076173

2026:PHHC:076173



CRM-M-20460 of 2026

-1-

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

229

**CRM-M-20460 of 2026
Date of Decision: 14.05.2026**

Mahavir

....Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana

....Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE RUPINDERJIT CHAHAL

Present: Mr. Amit Choudhary, Advocate for the petitioner.

Ms. Shaveta Sanghi, DAG, Haryana.

Mr. Deepak Grover, Advocate for the complainant.

RUPINDERJIT CHAHAL, J (ORAL)

1. Prayer in the instant petition filed under Section 483 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 is for grant of regular bail to the petitioner in case FIR No.171 dated 26.06.2025 registered under Sections 115(2), 117(2), 333, 109(1), 351(3) and 3(5) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, at Police Station Gadpuri, District Palwal.

2. Brief facts as per the case of the prosecution are that the petitioner in connivance with other co-accused, attacked the complainant and his family members and caused serious injuries to them with an intention to kill him. Hence, the present FIR.

3. Learned counsel for the petitioner has submitted that the petitioner has been falsely implicated in the present case and he has no concern with the said offence. He argued that the alleged occurrence took



2026:PHHC:076173

2026:PHHC:076173



CRM-M-20460 of 2026

-2-

place on 24.06.2025 but the FIR in question was registered on 26.06.2025 i.e. after a delay of 02 days, casting serious doubt on the prosecution story. He further submitted that the petitioner was intentionally roped in the FIR only on the basis of suspicion without any concrete evidence. He further argued that if the contents of the FIR are taken to be true, even then the injury attributed to the petitioner is stated to be simple in nature. He further argued that Section 109(1) of BNS has been added by the prosecution only to make the offence graver. Moreover, the petitioner has clean antecedents as he is not involved in any other case and nothing is to be recovered from him. The petitioner is in custody since 13.10.2025. The investigation in the case is complete and challan stands presented but charges are yet to be framed. He further submitted that the trial will take a long time to conclude and no useful purpose would be served by keeping him behind bars. Therefore, it is urged that the petition deserves to be allowed.

4. On the other hand, learned State counsel has filed the custody certificate of the petitioner and status report in the matter, which are taken on record and while referring to the status report, she has vehemently opposed the prayer for grant of bail by submitting that the offence committed by the petitioner is serious in nature. However, she has not controverted the fact that the petitioner is a first time offender as he is not involved in any other case.

5. Learned counsel for the complainant, while opposing the prayer for grant of regular bail to the petitioner, has contended that the petitioner has played an active role in the crime and, thus, does not deserve the concession of bail.



2026:PHHC:076173

2026:PHHC:076173

**CRM-M-20460 of 2026****-3-**

6. Having heard learned counsel for the parties at length and after perusing the record of the case, it is evident that the petitioner is in custody for the last more than 07 months; he has clean antecedents; investigation in the FIR is complete; challan stands presented; charges are yet to be framed; the complicity of the petitioner is a matter of trial, and will take a long time to conclude. Thus, no useful purpose would be served by detaining him in further custody. His continued detention without the prospect of trial being concluded in the near future would be violative of his rights under Article 21 of the Constitution of India.

7. Reliance is placed upon a judgment in the case of ***Dataram Singh vs. State of Uttar Pradesh & Anr. 2018(2) R.C.R. (Criminal) 131***, wherein the Hon'ble Apex Court has held that keeping somebody behind the bars, till his guilt is proved, for an indefinite period amounts to infringement of his right to life and liberty, as enshrined under Article 21 of Constitution of India and is against the principle "*bail is a rule*" and "*jail is an exception*".

8. In view of the above, the present petition is allowed and the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail on his furnishing bail bonds/surety bonds to the satisfaction of the learned trial Court/Duty Magistrate/CJM concerned. It is clarified that nothing stated herein shall be construed as an expression of opinion on the merits of the case.

(RUPINDERJIT CHAHAL)
JUDGE

14.05.2026*D.Bansal*

Whether speaking/reasoned : Yes/No
Whether reportable : Yes/No