



**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT
CHANDIGARH**

314

CRM-M-10205-2026

ASHWANI BHATIA

....PETITIONER

V/s

STATE OF HARYANA AND ANOTHER

....RESPONDENTS

Date of decision: 13.05.2026**Date of Uploading: 13.05.2026****CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SUMEET GOEL**

Present: Mr. Parminder Singh, Advocate for the petitioner.

Mr. Deepak Kumar Grewal, DAG, Haryana.

Ms. Bindu Bala, Advocate for respondent No.2.

SUMEET GOEL, J. ORAL

1. The present petition has been filed under Section 528 of BNSS, 2023 for quashing of FIR No.0091 dated 09.02.2026 under Section 305 of BNS, registered at Police Station Karnal City, District Karnal and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 14.02.2026 (Annexure P-2), which is stated to have been effected between the parties.

2 On 09.04.2026, the following order was passed:

“The petitioner has approached this Court seeking quashing of FIR (Annexure P-1) and all consequential proceedings emanating therefrom on the basis of a compromise having been effected between the parties. Learned counsel for the petitioners has submitted that all concerned are parties to the present petition in terms of the dicta of the Division Bench judgment of this Court passed in CRM-M-48043-2023, titled Rakesh Das v. State of Haryana and another, decided on 12.11.2024. Notice of motion.



On the strength of advance service of copy of petition; Mr. Gurmeet Singh, AAG Haryana causes appearance and accepts notice on behalf of respondent No.1 – State of Haryana.

At this juncture, Mr. Sukhdeep Singh, Advocate causes appearance and accepts notice on behalf of respondent No.2. He ratifies the aspect of compromise having been effected between the parties.

The parties are directed to get their statements recorded qua the factum of compromise in the following manner:

(i) The petitioners shall appear before the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate concerned on 17.04.2026 or any date thereafter as fixed by trial Court/Illaq Magistrate for recording statements of the petitioners as well as of the complainant qua the factum of compromise. As and when any such appearance is made, the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall do the needful for recording the statements of the parties qua the factum of the compromise. It shall be open to the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate to either record the statements of the parties by physical process or by video conferencing as deemed appropriate by the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate.

(ii) In case the statement is to be recorded by way of video conferencing, the parties concerned shall be duly identified through video conferencing by their respective counsel, subject to the satisfaction of the Presiding Officer.

(iii) The trial Court/Illaq Magistrate may also choose to get the statements of the parties recorded through some Commissioner, appointed by the Court who would be some Advocate having sufficient standing at the Bar. In case the statement is recorded through some Commissioner, such Commissioner/Advocate shall furnish an affidavit after recording statements to the effect that the parties had appeared before him/her and he/she had recorded their statements as per law and that the said parties had been duly identified by their respective counsel. This shall be subject to satisfaction of trial Court/Illaq Magistrate.

After recording the statements of all the affected parties in either of the aforesaid manner, the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall submit its report on the basis of the statements so recorded as to whether all the affected parties have entered into a compromise and as to whether the compromise in question is found to be a valid compromise and has been effected without there being any kind of influence or coercion. The trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall also report as regards the following facts after seeking information from Investigating Officer, concerned:

(i) Whether there is any other accused other than the petitioners, arrayed in this petition?



(ii) Whether there is any other complainant or affected/aggrieved party other than the respondents, arrayed in the petition?

(iii) Whether any accused has been declared Proclaimed Offender?

The report be submitted before this Court before the next date of hearing i.e. 13.05.2026."

3. Pursuant to the aforesaid order, report dated 07.05.2026 from Chief Judicial Magistrate, Karnal, has been received, which is taken on record. As per the report, the Trial Court has recorded as follows:-

"It is humbly submitted that vide order dated 9.4.2026 passed by Hon'ble Justice Sumeet Goel Judge, Punjab and Haryana High Court, Chandigarh in CRM-M-10205-2026, the parties have been directed to be present before the Illaqa Magistrate/Trial Court for getting their statements recorded with regard to the compromise.

The trial court has been directed to record the statements of both the parties to its satisfaction. The trial Court has also been directed to send a report along with the statements of the parties with regard to validity or otherwise of the compromise effected between the parties besides intimating whether any criminal case and proclamation proceedings is pending against either of parties. In compliance of the aforesaid order, both the parties appeared before this court on 2.5.2026 and their statements were recorded separately on oath.

After recording statements of parties, the same were read over and explained to them, who after admitting the same as correct put their signatures on their respective statements. The parties have been duly identified by their respective counsel.

As per the statement of IO ASI Sunil, in the present FIR, one person namely Ashwani has been arrayed as accused. No accused has been declared proclaimed offender. No other case is registered against accused.

As per the statement of parties, I believe that compromise has been arrived between the parties voluntarily and without any coercion, pressure of any kind or undue influence. The compromise effected between the parties seems to be genuine and outcome of free consent of the parties."

4. Learned counsel for respondent No.2 admits the factum of parties having compromised and states that she has no objection in case the FIR and all proceedings subsequent thereto against the petitioner is quashed.



5. Similarly, learned State counsel has stated no objection in case the FIR is quashed based upon the compromise (Annexure P-2).

6. I have heard learned Counsel for the parties and have carefully gone through the records of the case.

7. This Court and the Hon'ble Apex Court has repeatedly dealt with the issue of exercise of jurisdiction under Section 482 of the Code to quash proceeding in non-compoundable offences in the cases of ***Gian Singh vs. State of Punjab and another, 2012(10) SCC 303, Kulwinder Singh & others vs. State of Punjab & another, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052 and Ram Gopal and another vs. State of Madhya Pradesh, 2021(4) R.C.R. (Criminal) 322 (Criminal Appeal No.1489 of 2012 decided on 29th of September, 2021)***. The proposition of law that emerges from the aforesaid decisions rendered by the Hon'ble Apex Court and this Court is :

- (a) *Power u/s 482 Cr.P.C. vested with this Court is much wider and is unaffected by Section 320 of the Code.*
- (b) *However, wider the power greater the caution.*
- (c) *The underlining principle while exercising such power is that it can be invoked to quash the proceedings recognizing compromise between the parties in the matters which are overwhelmingly and predominantly of civil character like commercial transactions or arising out of matrimonial relationship or family disputes.*
- (d) *The said power is not to be exercised in the prosecutions involving heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity etc. as such offences are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society.*
- (e) *Section 482 Cr.P.C. casts duty upon the High Court to advance interest of justice as well. It is in recognition of this duty casted upon the High Court, that Apex Court held that the High Court would not refuse to quash FIR under Section 307 merely because FIR finds mention thereof. High Court can assess nature of*



injuries sustained, whether such injuries inflicted on vital/delicate parts of the body/nature of weapons used etc.

- (f) Such exercise at the hands of High Court would be permissible only after the evidence is collected after investigation and chargesheet is filed/charges framed during the trial. Such exercise cannot be carried out while the matter is still under investigation.*
- (g) While quashing FIR in non-compoundable offences even which are of private in nature, High Court is required to consider antecedents of the accused, conduct of the accused and whether he was absconding or whether he has managed the complainant to enter into a compromise.*

The statutory provision of Section 528 of BNSS, 2023 is same as the statutory provision of Section 482 of Cr.P.C., 1973. Therefore, the above said principles of law would apply to a petition under Section 528 of BNSS, 2023 as well.

8. Thus, keeping in view the aforesaid facts and circumstances, this Court is of the considered opinion that it is a fit case to exercise jurisdiction vested u/s 528 of BNSS, 2023 to quash the FIR as :-

- (i) Putting a quietus to the proceedings will bring peace and tranquility amongst parties & will accordingly further the cause of substantial justice.*
- (ii) The offences alleged are primarily of private nature.*
- (iii) The parties have compromised.*
- (iv) As per the report received the compromise is said to be voluntary in its nature.*
- (v) Complainant/victim is reported to have entered into compromise on his own volition*

9. Consequently, the petition is allowed. FIR No.0091 dated 09.02.2026 under Section 305 of BNS, registered at Police Station Karnal City, District Karnal and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on



the basis of compromise dated 14.02.2026 (Annexure P-2), are, hereby,
quashed.

10. Pending application(s), if any, shall also stand disposed of.

(SUMEET GOEL)
JUDGE

13.05.2026

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Whether speaking/reasoned:

Yes/No

Whether reportable:

Yes/No