

**IN THE HIGH COURT FOR THE STATE OF TELANGANA
AT HYDERABAD**

**TUESDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MAY
TWO THOUSAND AND TWENTY SIX**

PRESENT

THE HONOURABLE SRI JUSTICE J SREENIVAS RAO

CRIMINAL PETITION NO: 7132 OF 2026

Between:

1. Neel Kamal, S/o Parameswar, Age..40 years, Years, Occ. Private Employee, R/o Building No12C,9th Floor, Rahija Mind Space IT Park, Madapur, Hyderabad-500081. N/o Bimla kutir, Badi Yusufpur, Near Jagadamba sthan, Hajipur, Bihar 844101.
2. Vimala Devi, W/o Parameshwer, Age 72 years, Occ. House Wife, R/o Bimla kutir, OccuBadi Yusufpur, Near Jagadamba sthan, Hajipur, Bihar 844101.
3. Raj Kamal, S/o Parameswar, Age 42 years Occ. Private Employee, R/o Bimla kutir, Badi Yusufpur, Near Jagadamba sthan, Hajipur, Bihar 844101.
4. Mamatha, W/o Raj Kamal, Age .36. years, Occ. House Wife, R/o Bimla kutir, Badi Yusufpur, Near Jagadamba sthan, Hajipur, Bihar 844101..
5. Bandhan Jha, W/o Sanjay Kumar Jha, Age.44 Years, Occ. House wife, R/o H.No.1-8-434/2/A, Street No.10,Near Uma Garden, Chikkadpally, Hederabad, Telangana-500020, Ph.9849754255, N/o Hajipur, Besali, Bihar-844101.
6. Sanjay Kumar Jha, S/o Sri Nageshwar Jha, Age.44 Years, Occ.Pvt Emp, R/o H.No.1-8-434/2/A, Street No 10, Near Uma Garden, Chikkadpally, Hyderabad, Telangana-500020, Adhar no. 2033-4446-8861, Ph.9849754255, N/o Hajipur, Besali, Bihar-844101

...PETITIONER/ACCUSED No.1 to 6

AND

1. The state of Telagana, Rep by Public Prosecutor, High Court of Telangana, Hyderabad.
2. Smt Archana Mary, D/o. Anthony, Age 36 years, Occu. Private Employee, R/o. Lake View Enclave, Dammaiguda, Keesara Mandal. Medchal District.

...RESPONDENT/COMPLAINANTS

Petition under Section 528 of BNSS praying that in the circumstances stated in the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition, the High Court may be pleased to quash the proceedings in C.C. No.1144 of 2025 on the file of the X Addl. Junior Civil Judge-cum-X Addl. Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Medchal in the interest of justice and equity.

I.A. NO: 2 OF 2026

Petition under Section 528 of BNSS praying that in the circumstances stated in the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition, the High Court may be pleased STAY the proceedings in C.C. No.1144/2025 on the file of the X Addl. Junior Civil Judge-cum-X Addl. Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Medchal in the interest of Justice and equity.

This Petition coming on for hearing, upon perusing the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition and upon hearing the arguments of Sri Sharat Chandra A , Advocate for the Petitioners and Sri Jithender Rao Veeramalla, Additional Public Prosecutor on behalf of Respondent No.1 and none appeared for the Respondent No.2.

The Court made the following: ORDER

**IN THE HIGH COURT FOR THE STATE OF TELANGANA
AT HYDERABAD**

THE HONOURABLE SRI JUSTICE J.SREENIVAS RAO

CRIMINAL PETITION No.7132 of 2026

Date: 05.05.2026

Between:

Neel Kamal and five others

..Petitioners

AND

The State of Telangana, and another

...Respondents

ORDER

This Criminal Petition has been filed by the petitioners/accused Nos.1 to 6 seeking to quash the proceedings in C.C.No.1144 of 2025 on the file of the X Additional Junior Civil Judge-cum-X Additional Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Medchal.

2. Heard Mr.A.Sharat Chandra, learned counsel for the petitioners and Mr.Jithendar Rao Veeramalla, learned Additional Public Prosecutor for respondent No.1.

3. With the consent of both the learned counsel, the criminal petition is disposed of at the admission stage on the ground that even

according to the learned counsel for the petitioners, the matter before the learned trial Court has not yet ripened for the trial. In view of the same, notice in respect of respondent No.2/*defacto* complainant is dispensed with.

4. During the course of hearing, learned counsel for the petitioners, submitted that the learned Magistrate, without recording satisfaction, has taken cognizance against the petitioners and issued summons mechanically and passed cryptic docket order by using rubber stamp. Therefore, the docket order passed by the learned Magistrate is liable to be quashed.

5. Learned Additional Public Prosecutor has not opposed the submissions made by the learned counsel for the petitioners.

6. Having considered the rival submissions made by the respective parties and after perusal of the material available on record, it reveals that the learned Magistrate has taken cognizance, without recording satisfaction against the accused and not against the offences, through docket order.

7. It is very much relevant to mention that in *Sunil Bharati Mittal v. Central Bureau of Investigation*¹ the Hon'ble Supreme Court held that the order of issuing process to accused to face criminal trial is a serious issue. Such summoning cannot be done on mere asking and the Court has to record reasons for summoning a person. In *GHCL Employees Stock Option Trust v. India Infoline Limited*², the Hon'ble Apex Court found fault with the order of the Magistrate in issuing summons when the Magistrate has not recorded his satisfaction about the prima facie case against the accused. In *Chief Enforcemnet Officer v. Videocon International Limited*³, the Hon'ble Supreme Court while discussing the expression 'cognizance' held that in criminal law 'cognizance' means becoming aware of and the word used with respect to Court or a Judge initiating proceedings in respect of an offence. Taking cognizance would involve application of mind by the Magistrate to the suspected commission of an offence. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in *Sunil Bharati Mittal's case (Supra)*, further held as follows:

"Sine Qua Non for taking cognizance of the offence is the application of mind by the Magistrate and his satisfaction that the allegations, if proved,

¹ (2015) 4 SCC 609

² (2013) 4 SCC 505

³ (2008) 2 SCC 492

would constitute an offence. It is, therefore, imperative that on a complaint or on a police report, the Magistrate is bound to consider the question as to whether the same discloses commission of an offence and is required to form such an opinion in this respect. When he does so and decides to issue process, he shall be said to have taken cognizance. At the stage of taking cognizance, the only consideration before the Court remains to consider judiciously whether the material on which the prosecution proposes to prosecute the accused brings out a prima facie case or not."

8. In ***Fakhruddin Ahmad v. State of Uttaranchal and another***⁴,

it is held as follows:

"Nevertheless, it is well settled that before a Magistrate can be said to have taken cognizance of an offence, it is imperative that he must have taken notice of the accusations and applied his mind to the allegations made in the complaint or in the police report or the information received from a source other than a police report, as the case may be, and the material filed therewith. It needs little emphasis that it is only when the Magistrate applies his mind and is satisfied that the allegations, if proved, would constitute an offence and decides to initiate proceedings against the alleged offender, that it can be positively stated that he has taken cognizance of the offence. Cognizance is in regard to the offence and not the offender."

9. In view of the observations and directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgments referred to supra, the act of issuing process of summoning the accused to face criminal trial is a serious issue and such orders directing summons to a person to face criminal trial cannot be on the basis of cryptic orders and it should be an order reflecting application of mind by the Presiding Officer while taking cognizance and issuing process.

⁴ (2008) 17 SCC 157

10. For the foregoing reasons and in view of the principles laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the judgments cited *supra*, and without going into the other grounds, this Court is of the considered view that the cognizance order is liable to be quashed and accordingly quashed. However, this order will not preclude the learned Magistrate from taking cognizance and passing orders afresh in accordance with law, by giving reasons.

11. Accordingly, the criminal petition is disposed of.

Pending miscellaneous applications, if any, shall stand closed.

SD/- K.BHAVANI SWAMY
ASSISTANT REGISTRAR

//TRUE COPY//

SECTION OFFICER

To,

1. The X Addl. Junior Civil Judge-cum-X Addl. Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Medchal
2. The Station House Officer, Jawaharnagar Police Station, Rachakonda
3. Two CCs to the Public Prosecutor, High Court for the State of Telangana at Hyderabad (OUT)
4. One CC to SRI. SHARAT CHANDRA A, Advocate [OPUC]
5. Two CD Copies

 ADK/KA

HIGH COURT

DATED: 05/05/2026

ORDER

CRLP.No.7132 of 2026



DISPOSING OF THE CRLP

⑧ MT
14/5/26