

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF GUJARAT AT AHMEDABAD****R/CRIMINAL MISC.APPLICATION NO. 7136 of 2021**

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SHAILESH KANTILAL CHOKSI
Versus
STATE OF GUJARAT

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Appearance:

MR PARTH R KIKANI(10767) for the Applicant(s) No. 1,2

MR RONAK RAVAL, APP(2) for the Respondent(s) No. 1

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CORAM:HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE VIPUL M. PANCHOLI

Date : 31/07/2021**ORAL ORDER**

1. Rule. Learned APP Mr.Raval waives service of notice of Rule on behalf of respondent-State.

2. By way of the present application under Section 438 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the applicants-accused have prayed for anticipatory bail in connection with the FIR being **C.R. No.11199001210242 of 2021 registered with City C Division, Bharuch** for the offenses punishable under Sections 406, 467, 468, 471, 120B and 498A of the Indian Penal Code.

3. Learned advocate for the applicants submits that the nature of allegations are such for which custodial interrogation at this stage is not necessary. He further submits that the applicants will keep themselves available during the course of investigation, trial also and will not flee from justice.



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4. Learned advocate for the applicants on instructions states that the applicants are ready and willing to abide by all the conditions including imposition of conditions with regard to powers of Investigating Agency to file an application before the competent Court for his remand. He further submits that upon filing of such application by the Investigating Agency, the right of applicants accused to oppose such application on merits may be kept open. Learned advocate, therefore, submitted that considering the above facts, the applicant may be granted anticipatory bail.

5. Learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing on behalf of the respondent - State has opposed grant of anticipatory bail looking to the nature and gravity of the offence.

6. Having heard the learned advocates for the parties and perusing the material placed on record and taking into consideration the facts of the case, nature of allegations, gravity of offences, role attributed to the accused, without discussing the evidence in detail, at this stage, I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the applicants.

7. This Court has considered following aspects,

(a) it is submitted by the learned advocate for the applicants that the applicant no.1 is aged about 70 years; it is further submitted that the allegation levelled against the applicants in the FIR in question is that both the applicants have signed as witnesses in the alleged forged Will, however, it is contended that the applicants are not



beneficiaries of the alleged forged Will; (b) I have considered the role attributed to the applicants; looking to the over all facts and circumstances of the present case, since the custodial interrogation of the applicants is not required at this stage, I am inclined to consider the case of the applicants.

8. This Court has also taken into consideration the law laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of **Siddharam Satlingappa Mhetre Vs. State of Maharashtra and Ors.**, reported at **[2011] 1 SCC 694**, wherein the Hon'ble Apex Court reiterated the law laid down by the Constitution Bench in the case of **Shri Gurubaksh Singh Sibbia & Ors. Vs. State of Punjab**, reported at **(1980) 2 SCC 565**.

9. In the result, the present application is allowed. The applicants are ordered to be released on bail in the event of their arrest in connection with a FIR being **C.R. No.11199001210242 of 2021 registered with City C Division, Bharuch** on their executing a personal bond of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) each with one surety of like amount on the following conditions:

- (a) shall cooperate with the investigation and make themselves available for interrogation whenever required;
- (b) shall remain present at concerned Police Station on 9.8.2021 between 11.00 a.m. and 2.00 p.m.;
- (c) shall not directly or indirectly make any inducement, threat or promise to any person acquainted with the fact of the case so as to dissuade him from disclosing such facts to the court or to any police officer;
- (d) shall not obstruct or hamper the police investigation



and not to play mischief with the evidence collected or yet to be collected by the police;

- (e) shall at the time of execution of bond, furnish the address to the investigating officer and the court concerned and shall not change his residence till the final disposal of the case till further orders;
- (f) shall not leave India without the permission of the concerned trial court and if having passport shall deposit the same before the concerned trial court within a week; and
- (g) it would be open to the Investigating Officer to file an application for remand if he considers it proper and just and the learned Magistrate would decide it on merits;

10. Despite this order, it would be open for the Investigating Agency to apply to the competent Magistrate, for police remand of the applicants. The applicants shall remain present before the learned Magistrate on the first date of hearing of such application and on all subsequent occasions, as may be directed by the learned Magistrate. This would be sufficient to treat the accused in the judicial custody for the purpose of entertaining application of the prosecution for police remand. This is, however, without prejudice to the right of the accused to seek stay against an order of remand, if, ultimately, granted, and the power of the learned Magistrate to consider such a request in accordance with law. It is clarified that the applicants, even if, remanded to the police custody, upon completion of such period of police remand, shall be set free immediately, subject to other conditions of this anticipatory bail order.

11. At the trial, the concerned trial court shall not be influenced by the prima facie observations made by this Court in the present order.



12. Rule is made absolute to the aforesaid extent.
Direct service is permitted.

SRILATHA

(VIPUL M. PANCHOLI, J)