

OS-6/2024

The parties and counsels have submitted that the plaintiffs and defendants have got settled the dispute in between themselves.

Both the parties have filed Joint compromise petition U/O.23 rule 3 of C.P.C. stating that the matter between them is amicably settled and they want to settle the matter in view of the terms of compromise petition.

Plaintiff and defendants have submitted their affidavits, Photographs, copy of aadhaar cards as their identity proof.

Both counsels filed joint memo to refer the matter to Lok Adalath.

Hence matter is referred to Lok Adalath held on 14.03.2026.

Civil Judge, Jewargi

Case called out before Lok Adalat. Both parties present. Perused the joint compromise petition, read over and explained the contents of compromise petition to the parties in Kannada language, enquired the plaintiffs and defendants, they submitted that, with their free will and consent they have arrived to settle their dispute and admitted to the terms of compromise petition. As such, this court is of the opinion that, instant compromise is voluntary and not against the any of the provisions of Law of contract. Hence there is no impediment to accept the joint compromise petition. Accordingly, Lok-Adalath proceed to pass the following:

ORDER

The joint compromise petition filed by the parties U/o.23 Rule 3 of, CPC is accepted. Hence, the suit is decreed in terms of compromise petition.

Office is directed to draw final decree interms the terms of compromise petition.

Office to refund the court fee as procedure.

Parties shall bear their own costs.

(Sri. Kashinath V. Uppar)
Civil Judge and JMFC,
Jewargi and Judicial Conciliator.

Advocate and non-Judicial
Conciliator Jewargi