

ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಧೀಶರು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಥಮ ದರ್ಜೆ ನ್ಯಾಯಿಕ ದಂಡಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳವರ
ನ್ಯಾಯಾಲಯ, ಆಳಂದ.

ಸಿ.ಸಿ ನಂ. 228/2018

ಸಿ.ಡಬ್ಲ್ಯು -16

ಪಿ.ಡಬ್ಲ್ಯು -17

ಹೆಸರು : ಡಾ: ದೀಪಕ
ತಂದೆ:ಗಂಡ : ಧೂಳಪ್ಪ
ವಯಸ್ಸು : 41 ವರ್ಷ
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ : ಸಹಾಯಕ ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರು
ಜಿಮ್ಮ ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆ ಕಲಬುರಗಿ
ವಾಸಸ್ಥಳ : ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

ದಿನಾಂಕ:23.09.02024

ಸತ್ಯ ಪ್ರತಿಜ್ಞೆಯ ಮೇರೆಗೆ.

ಮುಖ್ಯ ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಸಅ ಅವರಿಂದ :

I am working as a Asst. Professor at GIMS Hospital, Kalaburagi since from 2015.

On 2.11.2017 I have received the requisition from the PSI Nimbarga PS, to conduct the Post mortem examination on the dead body of Annappa S/o Sharanappa. Accordingly I have conducted the post mortem examination from 9.30 am to 10.30 a.m.

On examination of the above said above said dead body of Annappa S/o Sharanappa I found the following.

It was the body of the 62 years old male, moderately built and nourished. Body was cold rigor mortis was generalised all over the body. Post mortem lividity seen on back except pressure point and fixed. Following injuries were noted.

- 1) Abraded contusion seen over left perital region measuring 6cmx 0.5cm reddish blue in color.
- 2) An abrasion over the upper aspect of left shoulder measuring 04cmx 03cm. Scab is formed.
- 3) A contused lacerated wound present over posterior aspect of right fore arm measuring 23cmx08cm into bone
- 4) A contusion over the lateral and posterior aspect of right side of the abdomen measuring 34cmx23cm, blueish in color.
- 5) A blueish contusion over the lateral and posterior aspect of right thigh measuring 24cmx9cm, on plantation evidence of fracture of femur bone.
- 6) A contusion over the lower aspect of right leg measuring 6cmx04cm color in blueish, on population evidence of fracture of bones of leg.
- 7) An abrasion over the lateral aspect of right foot measuring 08xcmx03cm.
- 8) An abrasion over the lateral aspect of left knee measuring 04cmx03cm
- 9) An abrasion over the lateral aspect of left foot measuring 05cmx03xcm

All the above said injuries as ante mortem in nature. On internal examination of the above said body a contusion was present over the left firtil region of the scalp, membrane and drain were intacted congusted. On examination of the thorax chest valve ribs and larings and rakia and heart were intact. Pleurae content 60ml of blood. Both the lungs were markedly congested and adematous. On cut section uzzing of copious of amount of whitish reddish flud noted. Right Lung weight 550 grams, left lung 450 grams. On dissection pulmonary trunk showed presence of adherent sticky thrombi at the level of bifurcation blocking the lumen significant. Traingular reddish, radiating zone seen in left lung upper lobe.

On examination of the abdomen wall, mouth, pharynx and oesophagus. Small and large intestine and spleen were intact. Peritoneum content 100ml of blood, stomach contain 50cc of fluid, liver was lacerated over posterior lateral aspects 03cmx1.5cmx01cm. Genito urinary organs were intact.

Within 24 to 48 hours prior to post mortem examination time since death.

In my opinion death is due to pulmonary embolism as a result of multiple injuries. I have issued the post mortem report. Witness identified the signature on the PM Report, hence PM Report is marked as Ex.P-10 and signature is marked as Ex.P-10(a).

ಪಾಟೀ ಸವಾಲು: ಆರೋಪಿ ಪರ ಶ್ರೀ ಎ.ಡಬ್ಲ್ಯು.ಎ. ವಕೀಲರರಿಂದ.

After 2 hours from the death rigor mortis will be start. It will be start from eye. It will take 24hours the entire body become stick. In history of death due to RTA in Column No.4 it is mentioned as mark of ligature on neck, it is the standard form of the government, I have not mentioned anything in that column. It is true to say that all the injuries are mentioned in Ex.P10 i.e. injury No.1 to 9 are external injuries. It is true to say that I have not mentioned in Ex.P-10 that the age of injuries. It is false to say that I have not mentioned the proper location of the injuries. It is true to say that there is no external injuries were present over the organs of the Thorax. It is true to say that lungs are located within ribs in thorax. It is true to say that ribs were intact, external part of thorax were intact. It is true to say that I have not found any part of ribs and thorax. It is false to say that unless

external part of the thorax will broken, injuries will not cause to the lungs. It is true to say that I am not found anything piercing the lungs. It is true to say that there is no any injuries over lungs.

While examination I have not found the flowing in the body. It is true to say that I have not found any blood clot in the lungs. It is false to say that lungs were normal. It is true to say that skull and brain were intact. It is false to say that in abdomen region all the organs were intact. Witness further stated that liver was lacerated. It is false to say that as per my report lacerated wound was left side of the liver. It is true to say that I have not mentioned the it as lacerated injury, witness further depose that lacerated and lacerated injuries are one and the same. It is true to say that I have not mentioned the age of lacerated injuries. It is true to say that I have not mentioned the identification marks of the body. The body was brought to me for examination between 24 to 48 hours. It is true to say that I have not mentioned in Ex.P-10 how may hours after death of body was brought to me for examination. It is false to say that if there is a any injuries on lungs then only the patient will die. It is false to say that if there is any injuries on lungs then that person will not able to inhale and exhale. It is true to say that I have not found any treatment to the lungs given by the doctor prior to my examination. It is false to say that the patient was not sustain any injuries to the lungs hence he will not die. It is false to say that only on the say of the police I have issued the Ex.P-10

ಮರುವಿಚಾರಣೆ:- ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಓ.ಹೇ.ಕೇ.ಸರಿ ಇದೆ.

ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಧೀಶರು
ಮತ್ತು ಜಿ.ಎಂ.ಎಪಿ.ಸಿ. ಆಳಂದ.