

FORM A

IN THE COURT OF DISTRICT AND ADDITIONAL SESSIONS

JUDGE-III, KATIHAR

Present: Sunil Kumar Singh-III,
District & Additional Sessions Judge-III
Civil Court, Katihar

[Date of the Judgment- 09.07.2026]

[NDPS Case No. 16/2018]

(Arising out of Nagar Special NDPS Case No. 16/2018)

U/S 20(b)(ii)(B) of NDPS ACT 1985

PROSECUTION	State of Bihar Through: Ravi Kishore Prasad- Informant
REPRESENTED BY	Ld. Special PP Md. Manjar Alam
ACCUSED	1. Ashok Kumar Mehta @ Ashok Kumar Mahto , Aged about 69 Years, S/O-Lt. Triveni Ram, R/O-Kulipara Chauk, PS-Nagar, Dist-Katihar, Bihar, [A-1] 2. Sharvan Poddar , Aged about 61 Years, S/O-Lt. Ramji Poddar, R/O-Naya Tola, Phulwari, PS-Nagar, Dist-Katihar, Bihar, [A-2] 3. Vishwanath Poddar , Aged about 50 Years, S/O-Lt. Munsu Poddar, R/O-Gareri Tola, PS-Nagar, Dist-Katihar, Bihar, [A-3] 4. Varun Kumar Singh , Aged about 62 Years, S/O-Lt. Narendra Nath Singh, R/O-Colony No-2, Islamia School Road, PS-Nagar, Dist-Katihar, Bihar, [A-4]
REPRESENTED BY	Ld. Adv. Shri Pankaj Kumar

FORM B

Date of Offence	14.09.2018
Date of FIR	14.09.2018

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Date of Charge-sheet	29.11.2018
Date of Cognizance	30.11.2018
Date of Framing of Charges	25.02.2019
Date of commencement of prosecution evidence	25.03.2019
Prosecution evidence closed	25.05.2026
Date of recording Statement U/Sec 313 of Cr.P.C.	10.06.2026
Date of commencement of defense evidence	N.A.
Defense evidence closed	10.06.2026
Date on which judgment is reserved	02.07.2026
Date on which Judgment is Pronounced	09.07.2026
Date of the Sentencing Order, if any	N.A.

Accused Details:

S. No.	Name of Accused	Date of Arrest/ Surrender	Date of Release on Bail	Offences Charged U/S	Whether Acquitted or convicted	Sentence Imposed	Period of Detention Undergone during Trial for purpose of section 428 Cr.P.C.
A-1	Ashok Kumar Mahto @Ashok Kumar Mehta	15.09.18	03.08.19	Sec 20(ii)(B) NDPS Act	Acquitted	N.A.	N.A.
A-2	Shravan Poddar	15.09.18	25.02.19	-Do-	Acquitted	N.A.	N.A.
A-3	Vishwnath Poddar	15.09.18	18.01.19	-Do-	Acquitted	N.A.	N.A.
A-4	Varun Kumar Singh	15.09.18	12.03.19	-Do-	Acquitted	N.A.	N.A.

JUDGMENT

1. The above named all the four accused persons namely **(1) Ashok Kumar Mahto @Ashok Kumar Mehta (2) Shravan Poddar (3) Vishwnath Poddar and (4) Varun Kumar Singh**, are stand charged for the commission of the offence punishable **U/S 20(b)(ii)(B) of NDPS Act** and they are facing trial for the said offences.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

2. The case of the prosecution as per written report of informant namely ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad is that on 14.09.2018, on the basis of secret information, in the leadership of Excise Superintendent, Katihar, one raid has been done at Ashok Mahto's room, situated at behind of Ashok Mahto's tea shop, situated at the distance of 25 steps before Bata Showroom and recovered total 25 Kg. Ganja and arrested the accused namely Ashok Kumar Mahto, Sharvan Kumar, Vishwnath Poddar and Varun Kumar Singh. Hence, the present case.

3. On the basis of the written report of the informant, Special NDPS Case No. 16/2018 dated 14.09.2018 was instituted against the abovenamed accused persons for the offence punishable U/S 20(B) of NDPS Act and upon completion of investigation, the prosecution report was submitted on 29.11.2018. Subsequently, cognizance of the offences punishable U/S 20(B) of NDPS Act was taken on 30.11.2018 by the court of Ld. Special Judge, Katihar against the abovenamed accused persons.

4. After supply of police papers, Ld. Session Judge transferred the case in the court of Additional Session Judge for trial and disposal according to law.

TRIAL PROCEEDINGS

5. Hearing rival arguments of both the sides, charges were framed for the offences punishable U/S 20(b)(ii)(B) of NDPS Act against the above named accused persons and the same were read over and explained to them in Hindi on 25.02.2019 to which they pleaded not guilty and claimed trial. Accordingly, the case was fixed for prosecution evidence.

6. To substantiate its case, the prosecution has examined altogether six (06) witnesses. The brief description, serial number, name of witnesses etc. are being produced here for easy reference. The prosecution has produced following evidence:-

A) ORAL EVIDENCE

Sl. No.	Name	Type	Date of examination
PW-1	Anil Kumar Ram	Other Witness	09.10.2025
PW-2	Sanjay Kumar	Other Witness	09.10.2025
PW-3	Arun Kumar Mishra	Police Witness	26.03.2026
PW-4	Manoranjana Mehta	Police Witness	26.03.2026
PW-5	Dilip Kumar Rishi	Police Witness	26.03.2026
PW-6	Ronit Raj	Police Witness	26.03.2026

B) DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Sl. No.	Description of Document	Date of Admission	With or Without Objection
P1/PW-1	Signature on the arrest memo	09.10.2025	Without Objection
P2/PW-2	Signature on the arrest memo	09.10.2025	Without Objection
P3/PW-3	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P4/PW-3	Signature on the arrest memo	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P5/PW-3	Signature on the arrest memo	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P6/PW-3	Signature on the arrest memo	26.03.2026	Without

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			Objection
P7/PW-3	Signature on the arrest memo	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P8/PW-4	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P9/PW-5	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P10/PW-6	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection

7. Thereafter, no other witnesses were examined by the prosecution and prosecution evidence was closed on 25.05.2026. The statements of the abovenamed accused persons were recorded on 10.06.2026, U/S 313 Cr.P.C and all the incriminating evidences had been put to them in their vernacular language to which they stated that they have been falsely implicated in the present case and are innocent and on 10.06.2026, the defense evidence was closed on the prayer of the Ld. defense counsel. Accused persons have not produced any oral or documentary evidence in support of their defense.

POINT FOR DETERMINATION

8. The point for determination before this court is that whether the prosecution has been able to prove its case beyond the shadow of reasonable doubts against the accused persons or not?

APPRECIATION OF EVIDENCE

9. Now, this court shall discuss all the evidence available on the records in the light of charges levelled against the accused persons.

10. A brief scrutiny of the evidence recorded in the matter is as under: -

(i) **PW-1 Anil Kumar Ram** has stated in his examination-in-chief that he was working as a peon at the United Bank of India. The bank is located 15 meters away from the scene. At the time of the incident, there were a total of 12-13 people in the bank. He does not know whether a raid was conducted there or not. The police asked him, Ganja has been sold there, he replied to them, he doesn't know. No other conversation took place between them. There were about 15-20 police personnel, and they were wearing khaki uniforms. He has no information regarding whether they conducted a raid there or not. The police asked him to sign a paper, so he put his signature on the arrest memo (Para-1). He does not recall how many places he signed. Both he and the accused persons reside in Katihar. He has not any significant acquaintance with the accused. The accused called him and told that today is the date of this case, so he came. The ganja was not recovered from the accused's house in his presence. He denied the suggestion given by defense counsel that he has given false testimony in collusion of accused (Para-2&3). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that No one was arrested in his presence. The police asked him to sign, so he did. The police did not read out what was written in the document. Apart from this, he has no

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knowledge regarding this case. He is acquainted with the accused persons prior to this case (Para-4).

(ii) **PW-2 Sanjay Kumar** has stated in his examination-in-chief that he does not recall the date of the incident. He works as a carpenter. The accused persons sell tea. He has no personal acquaintance with the accused. He was not present when the police conducted the raid, so he cannot say whether the Ganja was recovered from the scene or not. He has studied up to the eight class. He was passing through the road and the police asked to sign a document and he cannot say what was written on it. He came to know tonight that he has to testify, so he came here. He identified his signature on the arrest memo, which is marked as Exhibit- P2/PW-2. He denied to identify the accused upon seeing them. He denied the suggestion given by defense counsel that he is concealing the truth because he and accused persons are residents of Katihar (Para-1 to 3). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that the police did not read out to him what was written on the document, on which he signed. No one was arrested in his presence. He has not identified any of the accused persons (Para-4).

(iii) **PW-3 Arun Kumar Mishra** has stated in his examination-in-chief that the incident occurred on 14.09.1018, On that day he was posted as Excise Superintendent in Katihar. On the day of the incident, Assistant Sub-Inspector (Excise) Ravi Kishore Prasad received information that Ganja was being packed near Bata Chowk, Katihar. On the basis of this information, we formed a team which he personally led. He reached at the scene with other police personal, and before conducting the search, they secured the presence of two independent witnesses. Upon entering Ashok Mahto's room, they saw four persons sitting on a chauki with loose Ganja in a plastic bag before them. They were packing it into small packets and in search of the room, recovered three additional plastic bags containing 10 kg, 3 kg, and 4 kg of Ganja respectively. Another bag was on the chauki containing 6 kg, and approximately 2 kg of packed Ganja packets were also recovered. Subsequently, a seizure list for all recovered items was prepared at the scene, and Ashok Mahto, Vishwanath Poddar, Shravan Poddar, and Varun Singh were arrested. In the presence of the witnesses and the accused, three samples of 30 grams each (from the bulk stock) and three samples of 30 grams each (from the packed pudiya) were sealed. They had carried weighing scales with self. He was the Gazetted Officer present. The seizure list is in the handwriting and bears the signature of Ravi Kishore Prasad, it also bears his signature. He identified it, which is marked as Exhibit P3/PW-3. The arrest memos of the arrested accused are in his handwriting and bears his signature of Ravi Kishore Prasad, he identified them, which are marked as Exhibits P4/PW-3, P5/PW-3, P6/PW-3, and P7/PW-3, respectively. He identified the accused, who present in the court and claim to identify the others upon seeing them (Para-1 &2). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that two independent witnesses were found at the scene of the incident. He did not take an independent

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witness along with him. He did not record the statements of the persons living in the immediate vicinity of the scene of the incident. Based on the smell, the substance recovered at the scene appeared to be Ganja. The scene of the incident is located 25 meters away from Bata Chowk. He does not recall whether the distance between the scene of the incident and Bata Chowk is 500 meters or not. He cannot state the addresses of the other accused persons excluding Ashok Mahto. He denied the suggestion given by defense counsel that nothing has been recovered from the scene and we have falsely implicated the accused persons (Para-3 to 8).

(iv) **PW-4 Manoranjan Mehta** has stated in his examination in chief that the incident occurred on 14.09.2018, On that day he was posted as an Excise Constable in the Katihar Excise Department. ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad informed him that we were to conduct a raid. Acting on this information, they reached at about 5:00 PM at the location of the incident near Bata Chowk in New Market, within the jurisdiction of the Town Police Station. After that raid was conducted. During the raid, 25 kilograms Ganja, contained in three polythene bags, were recovered from a chowki inside Ashok Mahto's house. At the scene, ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad prepared a seizure list in the presence of two independent witnesses, completing all due legal formalities. He put his signature on the seizure list, identified it, which is marked as Exhibit P8/PW-4. Ashok Kumar Mahto, Vishwanath Poddar, Shravan Poddar and Varun Kumar Singh were arrested. Subsequently, the seized material and the arrested accused were brought to the Excise Police Station. Six samples, each weighing 30 grams, were drawn from the seized material at the scene, and the seized goods were sealed. He identified the accused, who present in the court and claim to identify the others upon seeing them (Para-1&2). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that Apart from Ashok Mahto, he cannot state details regarding any of the other accused persons. He had not arrested. One large bag weighed 17 kg, another weighed 6 kg, and the third weighed 2 kg. He cannot state how many small packets were recovered. He cannot state whether the independent witnesses belonged to the immediate locality or not. He denied the suggestion given by defense counsel that no material was recovered and that he is now giving false testimony under departmental pressure (Para-3 to 6).

(v) **PW-5 Dilip Kumar Rishi** has stated in his examination-in-chief that the incident occurred on 14.09.2018, On that day he was posted as a Constable in the Katihar Excise Department. ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad asked for a raid, so he went on patrolling and raid with Manoranjan Prasad Mehta, Rohit Raj, Superintendent of Excise Arun Kumar Mishra and reached at Bata Chowk for the said raid. They raided the house of Ashok Kumar Mehta and they entered into the house, saw that Sharvan Poddar, Ashok Kumar Mahto, Varun Kumar Singh and Vishwnath Poddar were sitting on the chauki and were packing Ganja. The seizure list was prepared by Ravi Kishore Prasad and he bears his signature on the same, which he identified, which is marked as Exhibit-P9/PW-5. The seized arti-

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cles were sealed and brought to Excise Police Station. A total 25 Kg. Ganja was recovered. He identified the accused who is present in the court, but he does not disclosed his name and claim to identify other accused upon seeing them (Para-1&2). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that the seized articles are not present at the time. He bears his signature on the seizure list on the instructions of the senior officer (Para-3&4).

(vi) **PW-6 Ronit Raj** has stated in his examination-in-chief that the incident occurred on 14.09.2018, On that day he was posted as a Constable in the Katihar Excise Department. ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad and Excise Superintend asked him to go on a raid, so he went with Manoranjan Kumar Mehta, Dilip Rishi, Manoj Kumar Rajaul Haque, Home Guard and other police personal. They reached at Bata Chowk for the raid and went to Ashok Kumar Mahto's house behind his tea shop. During the raid he saw that some people were packing something in polythene. Ganja was recovered there. After that senior officer arrested to Ashok Kumar Mahto, Sharvan Poddar, Vishwnath Poddar and Varun Kumar Singh. The seizure list was prepared by senior officer of the recovered articles, on which he bears his signature, which he identified and marked as Exhibit- P10/PW-6. The seized articles have been kept at Malkhana. He identified the accused who is present in the court and claim to identify other accused upon seeing them (Para-1&2). During course of cross-examination done on behalf of defense, this witness has stated that the seized articles are not present at this time. He bears his signature on the seizure list willingly. (Para-3&4).

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ARGUMENT OF RIVAL CONTENDERS

11. BY PROSECUTION: -

Learned Special PP on behalf of State has argued that there are serious allegations against the accused persons and the nature of the crime committed by them, affects the whole society. It has been submitted that recovered contraband has been found to be ganja which is injurious to not only individuals rather whole society. It has been further argued that all the witnesses including seizure list witnesses have been adduced before the court and all they have supported the prosecution case, the witnesses produced have consistently corroborated the case of prosecution and inconsistencies if any, are minor in nature and bound to occur. The Ld. Special PP has submitted that prosecution has well proved the case and prayed to convict the accused persons and sentence them sufficiently.

12. BY DEFENCE: -

Per contra, the defense counsel has argued that accused are innocent and they have been falsely implicated in this case. It has been argued that actually nothing has been recovered from the possession of the accused persons. The witnesses of the seizure-list have been brought before the court but they have not stated any single word regarding any

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recovery from the possession of the accused persons. These witnesses have only stated about the arrest and identified their signatures made upon the arrest memo. Moreover, the investigating officer of this case has not been brought before the court and there is no explanation that he did not turn up. Most important, there is no FSI report to prove the fact that the alleged recovered article is ganja or not. This report has never brought on the record and so the prosecution has been failed to prove the fact that recovered article is ganja. It has been submitted that prosecution has been miserably failed to prove the charge and hence prayed to acquit them.

DECISION AND REASON FOR THE DECISION

13. Having heard the arguments advanced by Ld. Addl. P.P. for State as well as the Ld. Counsel for accused persons and have meticulously perused the materials available on the case record. Before going through the case and appreciating the evidence on record, I would like to state that, it is settled proposition of criminal law that the prosecution is supposed to prove its case on judicial file beyond the shadow of all reasonable doubt by leading reliable, cogent and convincing evidences and any such doubt in the prosecution story entitle the accused person to acquittal. Further to prove its case on judicial files prosecution is supposed to stand on its own leg and it can't drive any benefit whatsoever from the weakness, if any, in the defence of the accused person. In a criminal trial, the burden of proving everything essential to the establishment of the charge against an accused always rests on the prosecution and there is a presumption of innocence in favour of the accused until the contrary is proved. Criminality is not to be presumed, subject to some statutory exceptions.

14. Now this goes to examine and evaluate the evidence on the record with respect to the charges against the accused. However, before appreciating the evidence on the record, it is important to note that this case involves the **principle of reverse burden of proof** wherein there are certain **statutory presumptions under Section 35 and 54 of NDPS Act** which have to be rebutted by the defense. The presumption is mandatory i.e. "Shall Presume" under section 35 of the Act while the presumption under section 54 is discretionary i.e. "May Presume". Hence, in both cases, the burden shifts upon the accused to rebut these presumptions. **However, unlike the burden of proof upon the prosecution which is standard of "beyond reasonable doubts", the burden upon the accused as per section 35 and judicial pronouncements is that of preponderance of probabilities.** In any case, the initial burden rests upon the prosecution to prove beyond reasonable doubts that the accused has acted or conducted himself in contraventions of the provisions of NDPS Act and that he was in possession of the contraband ganja. The initial burden upon the prosecution is very strict considering the stringent nature of the Act. Once

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the initial burden is discharged by the prosecution, the presumptions under the Act comes into play and the burden shifts upon the accused.

15. Therefore, at the very outset, this court goes to examine and evaluate the evidences which have been brought by the prosecution against the accused and find out whether the prosecution has been able to discharge its initial burden by proving the element of possession of the contraband i.e. ganja, by the accused persons by proving the chain of events leading to search, seizure and recovery of the alleged ganja weighing 25 KG.

16. As per the case of prosecution, on the basis of secret information, a raid has been conducted in the leadership of Excise Superintendent, Katihar in the room of Ashok Mahto. The prosecution case says that the said raid has been conducted in presence of independent witnesses and ganja has been recovered from there and accordingly seizure-list has been prepared and samples has been taken and send for forensic examination. The prosecution report does not disclose the name of independent witnesses. Finally, after investigation, excise police found the case true and submitted charge-sheet against the abovenamed accused persons without obtaining the FSL report. It has been stated in prosecution report that FSL report is awaited and it will be submitted after receiving.

[Signature]
09.07.26

17. ASI Ravi Kishore Prasad conducted the raid and he is the informant of this case and from the prosecution report, it is quite clear that Ravi Kishore Prasad is also the persons who submitted the prosecution report. It means the informant and IO of this case is the same person. Prosecution has altogether adduced six witnesses but most important witness i.e. Ravi Kishore Prasad, has not been adduced and any explanation has not been given that under what circumstances, he has not been adduced before the court. Pw-3 Excise Superintendent has stated that on 14.09.2018 on the basis of secret information, raid has been conducted in the room of Ashok Mahto in presence of two independent witnesses and ganja has been recovered from there. The seizure-list was prepared at the PO and Ashok Kumar Mahto, Vishwanath Poddar, Sharwan Poudar and Varun Sing were arrested from the spot. He has also stated that three packets of 30-30 gram was taken and sealed in presence of accused and witnesses. He himself was present there in capacity of gazetted officer. He identified his signature and signature of Ravi Kishore Prasad made upon the seizure-list as well as signature of Ravi Kishore Prasad made upon the arrest memo and the same have been marked exhibit before the court. however, he himself contradicted in his cross examination that he did not carry independent witnesses

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with him rather they found them at the PO. This statement is contradictory to the prosecution case as well as his examination in chief.

18. Pw-4 has stated that on information of Ravi Kishore Prasad, he went at the PO and in presence of two independent witnesses total 25 KG ganja was recovered and all four accused were arrested. He has stated that seizure-list was prepared at the spot and samples were taken and sealed there. The same fact has been reiterated by Pw-5 in his evidence. Pw-6 has also stated the same fact in his evidence. However, the evidence of seizure-list witnesses are most important here to prove that whether any alleged recovery and seizure happened in their presence or not. Pw-1 who is witness of this case, has stated that he was peon in United Bank of India which is situated at the distance of 15 meter from the PO. He has no knowledge that any raid was committed there. However, police asked him that whether ganja is sold here and he replied that he has no knowledge. He has no knowledge that whether police made any search there. Police asked him to sign on paper and he put his signature. He has no knowledge that on how many papers he put his signatures. In spite of this fact, prosecution, did not request to get declared him hostile. It means prosecution rely on evidence of this witness. Like Pw-1, Pw-2 has also stated that he was not present there at the time of raid and so he cannot say that whether any ganja was recovered from there or not. He simply put his signature on paper at the direction of police.

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19. According to prosecution case, the search was conducted in presence of two independent witnesses and in their presence, the alleged samples were taken for sending it to FSL. However, both seizure-list witnesses have categorically denied any search and recovery in their presence and in spite of this fact, prosecution did not get declared them hostile to the case of prosecution. It means prosecution is relying upon the evidence of these seizure-list witnesses that no search was made in their presence. Further, the most important fact is that whether the recovered contraband was ganja or not as alleged by the prosecution. The prosecution report as well prosecution evidence says, that samples were taken and send for forensic examination. Further, prosecution report states that FSL report is awaited and it will be submitted after receiving but the said FSL report has never been brought before the court. In absence of the said FSL report, it cannot be proved that the alleged recovered substance was ganja or not. Unless, this fact is proved that recovered substance was ganja, there cannot be any conviction.

20. In judgement of *Noor Aga Vs State of Panjab & Another, (2008) 16 SCC 417* passed by the Hon'ble Apex Court, it was held that intial burden of proof of posses-

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sion of contraband articles would lie on prosecution and on its discharge, legal burden would shift upon the accused. Standard of proof required to establish guilt of accused by prosecution would be proof beyond all reasonable doubts but that required by the accused to prove his innocence would be preponderance of probability. Offenses under NDPS Act being more serious in nature, higher degree of proof is needed to convict the accused. In this case presumptions under the Sec 35 and 54 would not arise because prosecution has failed to discharge his initial burden. In the present case, prosecution has been failed on two scores i.e. proof of possession and proof that recovered substance was ganja.

CONCLUSION

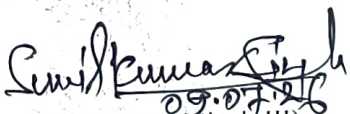
21. On the basis of discussion made above and keeping in mind the entire prosecution evidence, I find and hold that the prosecution has not been able to prove the charge levelled U/Sec 20(b)(ii)(B) of NDPC Act against the accused persons namely (1) Ashok Kumar Mahto @Ashok Kumar Mehta (2) Shravan Poddar (3) Vishwnath Poddar and (4) Varun Kumar Singh, beyond the shadow of reasonable doubts. Hereinafter, order is passed.

ORDERED

22. Therefore, all the four accused persons namely (1) Ashok Kumar Mahto @Ashok Kumar Mehta (2) Shravan Poddar (3) Vishwnath Poddar and (4) Varun Kumar Singh are hereby acquitted from the charge of the offense punishable U/Sec 20(b)(ii)(B) of NDPC Act. All the accused are on bail, as such, they and their sureties are discharged from the liabilities of their respective bail bonds.

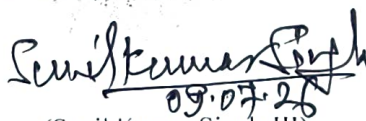
23. File be consigned to Record Room after due recall of process; issued if any; and return of original Documents; if any; to the parties and seized article if any; be disposed off as per rule.

Dated: The 09th day of July, 2026


(Sunil Kumar Singh-III)
Distt. & Addl. Sessions Judge-III,
Civil Court, Katihar

This judgment has been written, corrected, signed, sealed, dated and pronounced by me in open court today i.e., on 09.07.2026.

Dated: The 09th day of July, 2026


(Sunil Kumar Singh-III)
Distt. & Addl. Sessions Judge-III,
Civil Court, Katihar

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FORM C

LIST OF PROSECUTION/DEFENCE/COURT WITNESSES

EVIDENCE ON BEHALF OF PROSECUTION

A. ORAL EVIDENCE

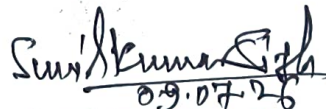
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B. DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

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P9/PW-5	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection
P10/PW-6	Signature on the seizure list	26.03.2026	Without Objection

EVIDENCE ON BEHALF OF DEFENCE

Accused persons have not adduced either any oral or documentary evidence in support of their defense.


09.07.26

Dated: The 09th day of July, 2026

(Sunil Kumar Singh-III)
Distt. & Addl. Sessions Judge-III,
Civil Court, Katihar

Date of Judgment/ Order	09.07.2026
Date of Reserving Judgment/ Order	02.07.2026
Uploading Date	
Uploaded by	